



Unit 1 Lesson 1B

Grammar : Present and Past Tenses
How to form QUESTIONS for different tenses

Exercise 1 : Match the Present and Past Tense sentences with their meanings

طابق الجُمْل في ازمْنَة
المضارع والماضي بمعانيها

01

Get the message

LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Present and past tenses

1 ★ Match sentences 1–11 with meanings a–k.

- 1 ☐ He's been writing thank-you letters all morning.
- 2 ☐ I wrote an English essay last night.
- 3 ☐ She's writing a text message right now.
- 4 ☐ Young people are writing by hand less often these days.
- 5 ☐ I was writing to Jad when he called.
- 6 ☐ They've written several very long essays.
- 7 ☐ We were writing to each other regularly back then.
- 8 ☐ I've written down everything she's said so far.
- 9 ☐ Fawzi writes at least ten texts every day.
- 10 ☐ I'd already talked to that police officer about the burglary, so he knew I was innocent.
- 11 ☐ Teenagers rarely write emails.

Present Simple

- a routines and habits/things that happen repeatedly
- b facts and things that are generally true

Present Continuous

- c things happening now or around now
- d situations which are changing during the present time

Past Simple

- e actions that started and finished at a specific time in the past

Past Continuous

- f actions in progress at a specific time in the past
- g a long activity interrupted by a shorter one

Present Perfect Simple

- h actions and states which began in the past and continue until now
- i finished actions in the past when we don't say exactly when they happened

Present Perfect Continuous

- j an action in progress or repeated over a period of time up until now

Past Perfect

- k an action in the past that was completed before another action or time in the past

2 ★ Choose the correct time expressions.

- 1 I usually take a break from my screen *right now / from time to time* to rest my eyes.
- 2 According to my phone, I've spent 67 minutes online *since nine o'clock / ever since*.
- 3 We've been learning about ancient methods of communication at school *recently / last week*.
- 4 I forgot my password and blocked my email account *the day before yesterday / in recent weeks*.
- 5 We were walking on the beach *earlier today / once in a while* when we found a message in a bottle.

3 ★★ Complete the sentences with the forms from the box. There are two extra forms.

are becoming are you using do you have
do you know don't usually send
'm talking never writes prefer writes

- 1 Most teenagers prefer texting to calling.
- 2 My friends and I _____ emails.
- 3 Once in a while, Zeina _____ books.
- 4 _____ your laptop right now? I'd like to borrow it.
- 5 Can I call you back? I _____ to someone else at the moment.
- 6 Landline telephones _____ less and less common these days.
- 7 _____ how much credit you've got left on your phone?

Exercise 1 Answers: Present and Past Tenses

#	Sentence		Tense	Meaning (English)	
1	He's been writing thank-you letters all morning.	لقد كان يكتب رسائل شكر طوال الصباح	Present Perfect Continuous	an action in progress or repeated over a period of time up until now	فعل مستمر أو متكرر على مدى فترة زمنية حتى الآن
2	I wrote an English essay last night.	كتبْتُ مقالة باللغة الإنجليزية الليلة الماضية	Past Simple	actions that started and finished at a specific time in the past	أفعال بدأت وانتهت في وقت محدد في الماضي
3	She's writing a text message right now.	إنها تكتب رسالة نصية في هذه اللحظة	Present Continuous	things happening now or around now	أشياء تحدث الآن أو في الوقت الحالي
4	Young people are writing by hand less often these days.	الشباب يكتبون بخط اليد بشكل أقل في هذه الأيام.	Present Continuous	situations which are changing during the present time	تغيرات الجارية أو في تطور
5	I was writing to Jad when he called.	كنت أكتب إلى جاد عندما اتصل.	Past Continuous	a long activity interrupted by a shorter one	نشاط طويل قاطعه نشاط أقصر

Exercise 1 Answers: Present and Past Tenses

6	They've written several very long essays.	لقد كتبوا عدة مقالات طويلة جداً.	Present Perfect Simple	finished actions in the past when we don't say exactly when they happened	أفعال مكتملة في الماضي دون تحديد الوقت بالضبط
7	We were writing to each other regularly back then.	كنا نكتب لبعضنا البعض بانتظام في ذلك الوقت.	Past Continuous	actions in progress at a specific time in the past	أفعال كانت مستمرة في وقت محدد في الماضي
8	I've written down everything she's said so far.	لقد دَوَّنت كل ما قالته حتى الآن	Present Perfect Simple	actions and states which began in the past and continue until now	أفعال بدأت في الماضي وما زالت مستمرة حتى الآن
9	Fawzi writes at least ten texts every day.	فوزي يكتب ما لا يقل عن عشر رسائل نصية كل يوم	Present Simple	routines and habits/things that happen repeatedly	عادات أو أشياء تتكرر بشكل منتظم
10	I'd already talked to that police officer about the burglary...	كنت قد تحدثت بالفعل إلى ذلك الشرطي عن السرقة...	Past Perfect	an action in the past that was completed before another action or time in the past	فعل اكتمل في الماضي قبل فعل أو وقت آخر
11	Teenagers rarely write emails.	نادراً ما يكتب المراهقون رسائل بريد إلكتروني	Present Simple	facts and things that are generally true	حقائق وأشياء صحيحة بشكل عام

Exercise 2: Choose
the correct time
expressions
اختر عبارة الزمن الصحيحة
في الجمل

2 ★ Choose the correct time expressions.

- 1 I usually take a break from my screen *right now / from time to time* to rest my eyes.
- 2 According to my phone, I've spent 67 minutes online *since nine o'clock / ever since*.
- 3 We've been learning about ancient methods of communication at school *recently / last week*.
- 4 I forgot my password and blocked my email account *the day before yesterday / in recent weeks*.
- 5 We were walking on the beach *earlier today / once in a while* when we found a message in a bottle.

Exercise 2 Answers: Time Expressions

#	Sentence with Chosen Option	Explanation (English)	
1	I usually take a break from my screen from time to time to rest my eyes. عادةً ما أخذ استراحة من شاشتي من وقت لآخر لإراحة عيني	"right now" would not be correct for something that usually happens	لا يمكن استخدام right now لأنها تدل على شيء يحدث في اللحظة، بينما الجملة تتحدث عن عادة باستخدام from time to time
2	According to my phone, I've spent 67 minutes online since nine o'clock . وفقًا لهاتفي، قضيت 67 دقيقة على الإنترنت منذ الساعة التاسعة	We can use since with a specific time	نستخدم since مع وقت محدد مثل nine o'clock
3	We've been learning about ancient methods of communication at school recently . لقد كنا نتعلم مؤخرًا في المدرسة عن وسائل الاتصال القديمة	We cannot use a specific time like last week with the Present Perfect	لا يمكن استخدام وقت محدد مثل last week مع المضارع التام، لذلك نستخدم recently للتعبير عن مدة غير محددة
4	I forgot my password and blocked my email account the day before yesterday . نسيت كلمة المرور وقمت بحظر حساب بريدي الإلكتروني أول أمس	This is a specific time in the past used with the Past Simple	وقت محدد في الماضي ويُستخدم مع الماضي البسيط the day before yesterday هو
5	We were walking on the beach earlier today when we found a message in a bottle. كنا نسير على الشاطئ في وقت سابق من اليوم عندما وجدنا رسالة داخل زجاجة.	"Earlier today" refers to a time in the past; once in a while means sometimes	earlier today تشير إلى وقت ماضٍ محدد، أما once in a while فتعني "أحيانًا" ولا تناسب هذا السياق الزمني

2 ★ Choose the correct time expressions.

- I usually take a break from my screen ~~now~~ / from time to time to rest my eyes.
- According to my phone, I've spent 67 minutes online since nine o'clock / ~~ever since~~.
- We've been learning about ancient methods of communication at school recently / ~~last week~~.
- I forgot my password and blocked my email account the day before yesterday / ~~in recent weeks~~.
- We were walking on the beach earlier today / ~~once in a while~~ when we found a message in a bottle.

Exercise 3: Complete
the sentences with the
forms from the box

اكمل الجمل بشكل الفعل
الصحيح

3 ★★ Complete the sentences with the forms
from the box. There are two extra forms.

are becoming are you using do you have
do you know don't usually send
'm talking never writes ~~prefer~~ writes

- 1 Most teenagers prefer texting to calling.
- 2 My friends and I _____ emails.
- 3 Once in a while, Zeina _____ books.
- 4 _____ your laptop right now? I'd like to borrow it.
- 5 Can I call you back? I _____ to someone else at the moment.
- 6 Landline telephones _____ less and less common these days.
- 7 _____ how much credit you've got left on your phone?

Exercise 3: Present Simple and Present Continuous (Negative and Questions)

#	Sentence with Answer	Chosen Answer	Explanation (English)	
1	Most teenagers prefer texting to calling. معظم المراهقين يفضلون إرسال الرسائل النصية على إجراء المكالمات	prefer	Present Simple: expresses a general truth or habit.	المضارع البسيط: يعبر عن عادة أو حقيقة عامة.
2	My friends and I don't usually send emails. أصدقائي وأنا لا نرسل رسائل إلكترونية عادةً	don't usually send	Present Simple negative with adverb of frequency for rare habits.	المضارع البسيط بالنفي مع ظرف تكرار: للتعبير عن عادة لا تحدث كثيرًا.
3	Once in a while, Zeina writes books. من حين لآخر، تكتب زينة كتبًا	writes	Present Simple: describes a habitual action, even if infrequent.	المضارع البسيط: يصف عادة حتى وإن كانت نادرة.
4	Are you using your laptop right now? I'd like to borrow it. هل تستخدم حاسوبك المحمول الآن؟ أود أن أستعيده.	Are you using	Present Continuous: action happening now.	المضارع المستمر: يعبر عن فعل يحدث الآن.
5	Can I call you back? I 'm talking to someone else at the moment. هل يمكنني الاتصال بك لاحقًا؟ أنا أتحدث مع شخص آخر في الوقت الحالي.	'm talking	Present Continuous: something in progress now.	المضارع المستمر: يصف شيئًا جاريًا الآن.
6	Landline telephones are becoming less and less common these days. الهواتف الأرضية أصبحت أقل شيوعًا في هذه الأيام	are becoming	Present Continuous: describes a trend or gradual change.	المضارع المستمر: يُستخدم لوصف تغير تدريجي.
7	Do you know how much credit you've got left on your phone? هل تعرف كم تبقى لك من رصيد على هاتفك؟	Do you know	Present Simple: used for facts or general knowledge questions.	المضارع البسيط: يُستخدم للسؤال عن معلومة أو حقيقة عامة.

3 ★★ Complete the sentences with the forms from the box. There are two extra forms.

are becoming are you using do you have
do you know don't usually send
'm talking never writes ~~prefer~~ writes

1 Most teenagers *prefer* texting to calling.

2 My friends and I _____ emails.

3 Once in a while, Zeina _____ books.

4 _____ your laptop right now? I'd like to borrow it.

5 Can I call you back? I _____ to someone else at the moment.

6 Landline telephones _____ less and less common these days.

7 _____ how much credit you've got left on your phone?

Exercise 4: Complete
the pairs of sentences
with the correct
endings.

اكمل الجمل بكتابة النهايات
الصحيحة

4 ★★ Complete the pairs of sentences with
the correct endings in bold.

1 all morning / three times today

a I've been texting Heba _____.

b I've texted Heba _____.

**2 two essays today / that essay since
morning**

a Lama's been writing _____.

b Lama has written _____.

**3 English for very long / how to write in
English yet**

a Abbas hasn't learnt _____.

b Abbas hasn't been learning
_____.

Exercise 4: Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous

Sentence	Explanation (English)	
1a. I've been texting Heba all morning. لقد كنت أرسل رسائل نصية لهبة طوال الصباح	Present Perfect Continuous is used to describe an ongoing action that started in the past and is still happening or has recently stopped.	نستخدم الزمن المضارع التام المستمر لوصف فعل بدأ في الماضي واستمر لفترة وما زال مستمرًا أو توقف للتو.
1b. I've texted Heba three times today. لقد أرسلت لهبة ثلاث رسائل اليوم.	Present Perfect is used for completed actions that happened at unspecified times before now, especially when counting how many times.	نستخدم المضارع التام للأفعال التي اكتملت بدون تحديد الوقت بدقة، خاصة عند ذكر عدد المرات.
2a. Lama's been writing that essay since this morning. كانت لما تكتب تلك المقالة منذ الصباح.	Present Perfect Continuous is used to show the action started earlier (this morning) and is still in progress.	نستخدم المضارع التام المستمر للدلالة على أن الفعل بدأ منذ وقت محدد (منذ الصباح) وما زال جاريًا.
2b. Lama has written two essays today. لقد كتبت لما مقاليتين اليوم.	Present Perfect is used to show completed actions that are relevant to the present day.	نستخدم المضارع التام للدلالة على أفعال مكتملة لها علاقة باليوم الحالي.
3a. Abbas hasn't learnt how to write in English yet. عباس لم يتعلم بعد كيف يكتب باللغة الإنجليزية.	Present Perfect is used with "yet" in negative sentences to show something has not happened until now.	نستخدم المضارع التام مع "yet" في الجمل المنفية للدلالة على أن شيئًا لم يحدث حتى الآن.
3b. Abbas hasn't been learning English for very long. عباس لم يتعلم اللغة الإنجليزية منذ وقت طويل.	Present Perfect Continuous is used to describe an action that started in the past and has been continuing for a duration	نستخدم المضارع التام المستمر لوصف فعل بدأ في الماضي واستمر لفترة زمنية

4 ★★ Complete the pairs of sentences with the correct endings in bold.

1 all morning / three times today

a I've been texting Heba _____.

b I've texted Heba _____.

2 two essays today / that essay since morning

a Lama's been writing _____.

b Lama has written _____.

3 English for very long / how to write in English yet

a Abbas hasn't learnt _____.

b Abbas hasn't been learning _____.

Exercise 5: Complete
the story with the
correct forms of the
verb.

اكمل القصة باستخدام الزمن
الصحيح للأفعال

5 ★★ Complete the story with the correct
forms of the verbs from the box.

concentrate ~~drop~~ go happen leave
lose not be not hear sit steal

Hani was riding his bike when he ¹dropped
his phone. He ²_____ on the road,
so he ³_____ it fall. He arrived at
school and ⁴_____ straight to his first
lesson. He ⁵_____ in English class
when he realised that he ⁶_____ it.
He thought he ⁷_____ it at home, but
when he got back at the end of the day,
it ⁸_____ there. He never found out
what ⁹_____ to it and assumed that
someone ¹⁰_____ it.

Exercise 5: Past and Past Perfect Tenses

No.	Sentence Fragment	Answer	Explanation (English)
2	He ___ on the road	was concentrating	Past continuous is used to describe an action that was in progress at a specific moment in the past.
3	so he ___ it fall	didn't hear	Past simple negative shows he failed to hear the phone fall at a specific moment.
4	and ___ straight to his first lesson	went	Past simple for a completed action after arriving at school.
5	He ___ in English class	was sitting	Past continuous describes what he was doing at the time.
6	when he realised that he ___ it	had lost	Past perfect shows the phone was lost before he realised it.
7	He thought he ___ it at home	had left	Past perfect shows this action (leaving it) was completed before another past thought.
8	it ___ there	was not	Past simple negative describes the state of the phone when he returned.
9	what ___ to it	happened / had happened	"Happened" (past simple) is acceptable for a general past event; "had happened" (past perfect) if emphasizing it occurred before he checked.
10	someone ___ it	had stolen	Past perfect shows the theft occurred before he found it missing.

نستخدم الماضي المستمر لوصف فعل كان مستمرًا في لحظة معينة في الماضي.

نستخدم الماضي البسيط المنفي للدلالة على أنه لم يسمع الهاتف يسقط في لحظة محددة.

نستخدم الماضي البسيط لفعل مكتمل بعد وصوله إلى المدرسة.

نستخدم الماضي المستمر لوصف ما كان يفعله في تلك اللحظة.

نستخدم الماضي التام للدلالة على أن فقدان حدث قبل لحظة الإدراك.

نستخدم الماضي التام للدلالة على أن الفعل (تركه) تم قبل فكرة لاحقة في الماضي.

نستخدم الماضي البسيط المنفي لوصف حالة الهاتف عند عودته.

"Happened" تعني أن الحدث وقع في الماضي؛ أما "had happened" فتعني أن الحدث وقع قبل زمن آخر في الماضي.

نستخدم الماضي التام للدلالة على أن السرقة حدثت قبل اكتشاف فقدان.

5 ★★ Complete the story with the correct forms of the verbs from the box.

concentrate ~~drop~~ go happen leave lose not be not hear sit steal

Hani was riding his bike when he ¹**dropped** his phone. He ²_____ on the road, so he ³_____ it fall. He arrived at school and ⁴_____ straight to his first lesson. He ⁵_____ in English class when he realised that he ⁶_____ it. He thought he ⁷_____ it at home, but when he got back at the end of the day, it ⁸_____ there. He never found out what ⁹_____ to it and assumed that someone ¹⁰_____ it.

ان هاني يقود دراجته عندما أسقط هاتفه. لم يكن يركّز على الطريق، لذا لم يسمع صوت سقوطه. وصل إلى المدرسة وذهب مباشرة إلى حصته الأولى. كان يجلس في حصة اللغة الإنجليزية عندما أدرك أنه فقد الهاتف. ظنّ أنه تركه في المنزل، ولكن عندما عاد في نهاية اليوم، لم يكن هناك. لم يعرف أبدًا ما الذي حدث له، وافترض أن أحدهم سرقه.

Question Formation in English Tenses

كيفية تكوين الاسئلة للازمنة المختلفة

Tense	Question Structure (English)	Example Question	شرح القاعدة باللغة العربية
Present Simple	Do/Does + subject + base verb + ?	Does she play tennis?	نبدأ بـ Do/Does حسب الفاعل + الفعل في صورته الأصلية (بدون إضافات).
Present Continuous	Am/Is/Are + subject + verb + -ing + ?	Are you studying now?	نبدأ بـ Am/Is/Are + الفاعل + الفعل + ing.
Past Simple	Did + subject + base verb + ?	Did he call you yesterday?	نبدأ بـ Did + الفاعل + الفعل في صورته الأصلية (بدون -ed).
Past Continuous	Was/Were + subject + verb + -ing + ?	Were they sleeping?	نبدأ بـ Was/Were + الفاعل + الفعل + ing.
Present Perfect Simple	Have/Has + subject + past participle + ?	Have you seen the film?	نبدأ بـ Have/Has + الفاعل + التصريف الثالث للفعل.
Present Perfect Continuous	Have/Has + subject + been + verb + -ing + ?	Has she been working all day?	نبدأ بـ Have/Has + الفاعل + Been + الفعل + ing.
Past Perfect	Had + subject + past participle + ?	Had you met her before the party?	نبدأ بـ Had + الفاعل + التصريف الثالث للفعل.

Exercise 6: Question Formation in English Tenses

تكوين اسئلة للازمنة المختلفة

- 1** you / receive / any hand-written letters / recently?
Have you received any hand-written letters recently?

- 4** ★★ Complete the pairs of sentences with the correct endings in bold.

1 all morning / three times today

a I've been texting Heba _____.

b I've texted Heba _____.

2 two essays today / that essay since morning

a Lama's been writing _____.

b Lama has written _____.

3 English for very long / how to write in English yet

a Abbas hasn't learnt _____.

b Abbas hasn't been learning _____.

- 5** ★★ Complete the story with the correct forms of the verbs from the box.

concentrate drop go happen leave lose not be not hear sit steal

Hani was riding his bike when he ¹**dropped** his phone. He ²_____ on the road, so he ³_____ it fall. He arrived at school and ⁴_____ straight to his first lesson. He ⁵_____ in English class when he realised that he ⁶_____ it. He thought he ⁷_____ it at home, but when he got back at the end of the day, it ⁸_____ there. He never found out what ⁹_____ to it and assumed that someone ¹⁰_____ it.

- 6** ★★ Use the prompts to write questions.

1 you / receive / any hand-written letters / recently?

Have you received any hand-written letters recently?

- 2** social media / change / the meaning of friendship?

3 you / watch / the documentary / about communication through the ages / yesterday?

4 Grandma / know / how to switch on the computer?

5 you / see / her photos on social media / before you met her?

6 you / have a bad dream / when / I / wake / you up?

- 7** ★★ Complete the news story with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Members of an Australian family ¹**found** (find) the world's oldest message in a bottle over 100 years after German researchers ²_____ (throw) it into the Indian Ocean.

The Illman family ³_____ (walk) on the beach in Perth in Australia, when they ⁴_____ (come across) a bottle lying in the sand. Tonya Illman ⁵_____ (pick it up) and ⁶_____ (discover) a note inside. Researchers ⁷_____ (write) the note 132 years earlier.



2 social media / change / the meaning of friendship?

2. Has social media changed the meaning of friendship?

هل غيّرت وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي معنى الصداقة؟

- **Tense:** Present Perfect
- **Explanation (English):** Used to ask about a change that started in the past and may still be relevant now.
- **Explanation (Arabic):** يُستخدم للسؤال عن تغيير بدأ في الماضي وقد لا يزال له تأثير الآن.
- **How the question is formed:**
 - Has + subject + past participle + ?

3 you / watch / the documentary / about
communication through the ages / yesterday?

- **3. Did you watch the documentary about communication through the ages yesterday?**
- هل شاهدت الفيلم الوثائقي عن التواصل عبر العصور يوم أمس؟
- **Tense:** Past Simple
- **Explanation (English):** Used to ask about a completed action at a specific time in the past (yesterday).
- **Explanation (Arabic):** يُستخدم للسؤال عن فعل مكتمل في وقت محدد في الماضي (أمس).
- **How the question is formed:**
 - **Did + subject + base verb + ?**

4 Grandma / know / how to switch on the computer?

4. Does Grandma know how to switch on the computer?

هل تعرف الجدة كيف تشغل الحاسوب؟

- **Tense:** Present Simple
- **Explanation (English):** Used to ask about a general fact or present ability.
- **Explanation (Arabic):** يُستخدم للسؤال عن حقيقة عامة أو قدرة في الحاضر.
- **How the question is formed:**
 - **Does + subject + base verb + ?**

5 you / see / her photos on social media /
before you met her?

5. Had you seen her photos on social media before you met her?

هل كنت قد شاهدت صورها على وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي قبل أن تقابلها؟

- **Tense:** Past Perfect
- **Explanation (English):** Used to ask about an earlier past action before another past event.
- **Explanation (Arabic):** يُستخدم للسؤال عن فعل وقع قبل حدث آخر في الماضي.
- **How the question is formed:**
 - **Had + subject + past participle + (rest of question) + ?**

6 you / have a bad dream / when / I / wake /
you up?

6. Were you having a bad dream when I woke you up?

هل كنت تحلم بكابوس عندما أيقظتك؟

- **Tense:** Past Continuous
- **Explanation (English):** Used to ask about an ongoing past action interrupted by another past action.
- **Explanation (Arabic):** يُستخدم للسؤال عن حدث مستمر في الماضي قاطعه حدث آخر.
- **How the question is formed:**
 - Was/Were + subject + verb-ing + (rest of sentence) + ?

Exercise 7: Complete the news story with the correct form of the verbs.

اكمل القصة بالشكل الصحيح من الفعل

7 ★★ Complete the news story with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Members of an Australian family ¹*found* (find) the world's oldest message in a bottle over 100 years after German researchers ²_____ (throw) it into the Indian Ocean. The Illman family ³_____ (walk) on the beach in Perth in Australia, when they ⁴_____ (come across) a bottle lying in the sand. Tonya Illman ⁵_____ (pick it up) and ⁶_____ (discover) a note inside. Researchers ⁷_____ (write) the note 132 years earlier.

Exercise 7 Correct Forms of the Verb

#	Verb	Tense Used	Why this tense was chosen	شرح اختيار الزمن
1	found	Past Simple	The main past event in the narrative. It sets the scene of what the family did.	الزمن الماضي البسيط يُستخدم لوصف الحدث الأساسي الذي وقع في الماضي، وهو إيجاد الرسالة.
2	had thrown	Past Perfect	Refers to an earlier action that happened before the bottle was found.	الماضي التام يُستخدم للإشارة إلى حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر في الماضي، أي أن الباحثين ألقوا الزجاجاة قبل أن تعثر عليها العائلة.
3	were walking	Past Continuous	Describes an ongoing past action that was happening when another action (finding the bottle) interrupted it.	الماضي المستمر يُستخدم لوصف فعل كان مستمراً في الماضي عندما وقع حدث آخر (العثور على الزجاجاة).
4	came across	Past Simple	Describes the action that interrupted the walking. It is a completed action in the past.	الماضي البسيط يُستخدم للفعل الذي قاطع الحدث المستمر (المشي).
5	picked it up	Past Simple	A completed action that happened after seeing the bottle.	فعل مكتمل في الماضي حصل بعد العثور على الزجاجاة، لذا يُستخدم الماضي البسيط.
6	discovered	Past Simple	Another completed past action (finding the note inside the bottle).	فعل مكتمل في الماضي وهو اكتشاف الورقة داخل الزجاجاة.
7	had written	Past Perfect	Shows that the note was written long before it was discovered — 132 years earlier.	الماضي التام يُستخدم للإشارة إلى أن كتابة الرسالة حدثت قبل اكتشافها بوقت طويل (132 سنة).

Members of an Australian family 1 **found** the world's oldest message in a bottle over 100 years after German researchers 2 **had thrown** it into the Indian Ocean. The Illman family 3 **were walking** on the beach in Perth in Australia, when they 4 **came across** a bottle lying in the sand. Tonya Illman 5 **picked it up** and 6 **discovered** a note inside. Researchers 7 **had written** the note 132 years earlier.

افراد من عائلة أسترالية عثروا على أقدم رسالة في زجاجة في العالم بعد أكثر من 100 عام من قيام باحثين ألمان **بالقائها** في المحيط الهندي. كانت عائلة إلمان **تتمشى** على الشاطئ في بيرث بأستراليا، عندما عثروا على زجاجة ملقاة في الرمال. قامت تونيا إلمان **بالتقاطها** واكتشفت ملاحظة بداخلها. كان الباحثون **قد كتبوا** الملاحظة قبل 132 عامًا.



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